Count Beust's Exposition to the American People and our American Aid to Order in Paris.

North Germany Slightly Piqued.

The Rochefort Riots-Their Illusions and Defeat.

AUSTRIA.

The Vienna Press and the Herald Special

Correspondence.
The Neue Freie Presse of Vienna, January 28, reerring to the interview granted to the special corespondent of the Henaub by Count Beust, and which was reported in our columns on the 10th of January, comments upon the matter as follows:—

which was reported in our columns on the 10th of Jannary, comments upon the matter as follows:—COUNT BEUST AND THE YIENNA CORRESPONDENT OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

The greatest American paper, the New York Herald, has a stirring correspondent in Vienna, and publishes a conversation said to have taken piace between him and the High Chancellor. The inference of this conversation is very pointedly arranged, and if we could accept as a fact that Count Beust would have uttered the words attributed to him we would without hesitation reproduce the report of the American journal. It is true that much of it is well put and just like the Count, and he may have spoken it; but that Count Beust can have spoken about the Austrian press in the style mentioned by the correspondent of the American journal, appears hardly possible. Had Count Beust levied a similar judgment at the Austrian press generally it could be inferred that he had something of the Metternich of Sediatizky in him, and it could never occur to such a sharp man as he thus to express his mind to an American journalist. In this respect it is inadmissable that a statesman who has to thank the press for so much, especially the Austrian press, can think of and judge it in such manner. It is only incomprehensible to us that an American, the citizen of a country onjoying an unlimited freedom of the press, can have invented and tell the joke that the Austrian press requires reform (something like the cid censorship). Those who might wish to bring about a reform in the Austrian press, in the sense attributed to Count Von Beust, would have to our provided with more than human power. And as such foolish stuff places the whole report of the New York Herald in a suspicious light, we therefore prefer passing over the American, with his narrative, without further notice.

GERMANY.

The Herald Special Reports of German Diplomacy—The Prussian Legislature—Hasty Adjournment—Finance—The Cloister Debate-The Empress of Austria-A New Critic on the Ecumenical Council-Warning to the Italian Bishop-Baron Boust and Austria. BEBLIN, Feb. 8, 1870.

A comic paper here, of this week, contains two columns of remarks respecting the Herald corre-spondence with and of Count Beust. It is very cleverly written, charging the Chancellor with being an imitator of Count Bismarck in seeking the HERALD as an instrument of spreading "his news disclosures" to the world. The whole satire betrays ling of pique at the manner in which the Coun quoted from a previous number of the same paper.

A proposal of adjournment has been brought be

fore both houses of the Prussian Diet by the govern-ment, it having thought fit to basten it on by the wish of summoning the Reichstag, not at the close of this month, but on the 14th inst. This will have the effect of cutting off the pending discus sion on the Circuit Administration bill and som other bills, but the committee of the lower chamber, to whom the adjournment matter has been reterred, will doubtless acquiesce. But, strange to say, strenuous opposition course from the other house, headed by Count Lippe, who commands some forty votes, and deemed it expedient to call a meeting to consider the question last Sunday. Such unexpected obstinacy on the part of the peers places the government in considerable embarrassment, as the Reichstag cannot be convened without both houses concurring in an adjournment.

A curious circumstance has lately come to light, assuring us that a former Minister of Finance prematurely disposed of half a million dollars out of a railway loan, and unauthorized by law. This has caused considerable excitement among the liberals, who are determined to sit the matter to the bottom, and force government to demand an indemnity. The ex-Minister, conscious that the debate on this question would cast a serious siur on his acts while in other bills, but the committee of the lower chan

and force government to demand an indemnity. The
ex-Minister, conscious that the debate on this question would cast a serious siur on his acts while in
office, has quietly retired to the sunny South and
withdrawn completely from the cares of public life.
His successor proved himself a perfect disciple of the
reactionary party, for he threatens to defeat a much
needed improvement of the mortgage law by attempting to increase the tax and stamp duty on
records and transfers; thus openly avowing that any
improvement in the laws must bring with it a contribution to the Tressury.

It is doubtful whether the cloister debate, looked
for with intense interest, can come on before the adjournment. If it does it is reported that Count Blamarck will come to the rescue of the EulenburgMuhier twins.

Another question, intended to be laid before the
Minister of War, respecting the obnaxious custom of
billeting sick soldiers on farmers and country peopie, and thereby spreading infection and disease,
will most likely be cut off also by the proposed
adjournment.

Private advices from Austria state that the Em-

will most likely be cut on also by the proposed adjournment.

Private advices from Austria state that the Empress is highly incensed at the capital city, and firmly resolved to stay away from it as long as possible. The return even of the Cardinal, Prince Schwarzenberg, to Prague, is supposed to be doubtful, loasmuch as his Holiness has offered him the See of Sabina.

Schwarzenberg, to Prague, is supposed to be doubted, inasmuch as his Holiness has offered him the See of Sabina.

A work has just appeared at Turin, entitled "Croce e Spada innanzi at tribunale del Concilio, caservazioni dei Parroco Mongini," which creates considerable remark. The cross and the sword are made here the symbols of the dualism predominant in the Holy See. Under the sign of the cross the author combats the pernicious tendency of the Ecumenical Council towards the dogma of infallibility. "You wish to cure," says the author, "the sick world by means of the Syliabus. But in point of fact there is no disease existing, and if there were the patient would say, "Medice curate (paum !" Physician, cure thyself. If with these doctrines you have failed to cure the Old World you will be the less able to cure the New." Under the sign of the sword he condemns and disputes the temporal power of the Pope. He calls upon the Italian bishops to spply their joint efforts to the annihilation of this unholy and unjustifiable dualism. He conjures them in traily touching and imploring language to act in obtail of Italy, which would be the greatest sufferer, and calls to their remembrance the stern opposition made in former Councils at Jerusalem, Nice, Bašie, Constance and Trent.

Will the Italian bishops listen to the supplicating voice of their patriosic countrymen? That is the question to be decided, the solution of which is warning in the concluding chapter, where he says:—"White you are striving to preserve the temporal power see that you lose not the spiritusl."

FRANCE

The Independent Press of America-Its A National Entente by the Newspapers-The Trade "Strikes"-Submarine Cables Extension-Personal Discord Near the Celestial Sphere.

PARIS. Feb. 10, 1870. I must not omit speaking of the discouraging affect on the revolutionary party in Paris of the desided opinions expressed by the New York Herald with reference to the shooting of Victor Nair by Prince Pierre Bonaparte. No doubt the Rochefort party the American people sympathized with all their violent efforts to bring anarchy and bloodshed on France. No doubt they supposed that when two armed men entered the house of another who was insulted and struck, that there would be a great outery in the United States if the shot one of the assailants simply because he happened to be a cousin of the Em peror. They are astounded and annoyed to find is just the contrary. The American people no not instify acts of bloody violence, but they know how to distinguish between the aggressor and th aggressed, and if one man is attacked in his own by two he is deemed justifiable in defending himself, whether he be a prince or anybody else they counted on the support of the order-loving and taw-abiding people of our country in their abomina-ble efforts to overthow all order and law simply to obtain their own aggrandizement. Long extracts

from the Herald, have been published in the French papers, and everybody has been selighted to see the severe and well written rebukes given to the party of disorder here. There is no doubt they have strengthened public opinion in France, and proportionately weakened and depressed the demoralized faction who are trying to ram their "Socialist Republic" down people's throats.

An inquiry into the causes of the late strike at Crouzol, the foundries of M. Schneder, President of the Chamber of Deputies, has divulged the fact that it was set on foot by emissaries from Switzerland, Belgium and London, who took their departure in haste on order being restored. There is no doubt there is an organization spread through Europe of idle and worthless men whose object is to stir up revolution simply in the hope of piliaging the honest and industrious, as well as to guillotine the rich and seize on their property. Every country in Europe is infested with these desperadoes, who resemble the half-famished wolves that descend every now and then from the mountains and prey upon the heipless sheep of the valleys.

It appears that Erlanger, the banker, has got another concession from the French government to lay a cable from France to Algiers, and from thence to Malta to connect with the cable running thence to Egypt and from Suez to the ladies. This is another proof that Erlanger is working in co-operation with Cyrus W. Field, who sas got the privilege from the English government of laying the cable from Malta to Enypt, and so os. Erlanger says he never could have raised the money in London to lay the cable from Brest to the United States but for the assistance of C. W. Field, which clearly proves that they are in secret partnership. Cyrus, the younger, is a knowing cove, and no mistake.

and no mistaké.

The celebrated astronomer Leverrier, whom I spoke of in my last as having brought discord into the celestial harmony that has hitherto prevailed in the Paris Observatory, has been removed from the post of director, and now he will have more time to use his telescope, and, perhaps, add another star to the dirmament that we "wot not of."

The Rechefort Agitation—Its Termination and the End of Rochefort-Promoters of the Riots and Their Promises—Calculations of the Radicals and Public Illusions—Cabinet

Tact of Ollivier. PARIS, Feb. 9, 1870. At length, thank gracious, we have got rid of the everlasting Rochefort. He has been shut up for six months to the profound satisfaction of the trade and commerce of Paris, and greatly to his wholly played out. On Monday last he attended the sitting of the Chamber as usual, and expecte to be arrested on leaving it, and his allies had made arrangements to get up a manifestation in his honor. But to his surprise he was allowed to go without being noticed by the authorities, and he hid himself away till nine P. M., when he started off for he made his appearance at the door of the nail he was quietly arrested, and he gave himself up with out any attempt at resistance. He even begged his adherents, to the number of several hundreds, not to interfere. He was conveyed promptly to prison, where he will have time to repose and recover his health, somewhat damaged by the exciting life he has led for a couple of months past. The meeting I spoke of went on, the plan of Hamlet omitted, and it was ludicrous enough to be briefly described. The chair was taken, in the absence of Rochefort, by Gustave Flourens, who figured prominently at the recent funeral of Victor Noir, and who then insisted, in opposition to Rochfort's advice, in getting up an insurrection. He was compelled to give way at that time, but now he was left to carry out his terrible purpose. When he heard of the arrest at the very door of the revolutionary sanctuary he rose, with a pistol in one hand and a sword cane in the other, and declared the hour for vengeance had come. "I declare," he ex-claimed, in a theatrical tone, "that I rise in open insurrection, and I call upon you all to and then he turned round and seized a single police-man present and threatened he would run him through if he refused to accompany him. The epthusiastic witnesses of this comic attempt at reve lution, numbering, perhaps, a couple of thousan vagabonds, shouted their delight and they all rushed into the streets. Two or three unlucky omnibuses were caught and upset to make a barricade. "Lib-erty or death" was the watchword. No sooner however, was the cry raised that the police were ipon them than the whole mob took to their heels and Flourens, the desperate leader of the band, ran so fast and so far that he has not been heard of since. so fast and so far that he has not been neard of since. Here' and there, at several different points, small mobs collected, crying "Vive Rochefort;" but they ran the moment the police agents appeared. In one instance they broke rato a gummaker's and pillaged his snop, but made no use of the arms, from sneer cowardice. The result of this farcical effort to revive the days of 1848 was simply the arrest of some 150 of the scum of Paris, who have been duly longed in juil to await their trial. Thus the last hope of Rochefort and his gang to stir up a royolt has passed way, and now we can judge how utterly groundless are the fears of those who believed in the possibility of such a thing as a serious insurrection.

Insurrection.

It is evident that Rochefort and his myrmidoms must have been the dupes of the most abourd illusions as to their influence over the lower classes of Paris; for only the other day Rochefort had the impudence to say in his trashy journal that, if he was arrested, 40.000 of the workmen of Paris.

sions as to their influence over the lower classes of Paris; for only the other day Rochefort had the impudence to say in his trashy journal that, if he was arrested, 40,000 of the workmen of Paris would rise to rescue him. What has been the result? He was arrested in the day in the very midst of his valiant army of sans-culottes, and the whole extent of the demonstration was the upsetting of two or three omnibuses and the wounding of a single police officer. The ringleader of this formidable movement, Plourens, has disappeared, as I said, and unless he is lucky enough to get out or France he will be sent to Join his master, but probably for a much longer period.

These occurrences are really so contemptible as to be hardly worth the name of a street riot, and no-body knew anything about it till the papers of yester-day morning gave a description of what had happened. The only thing to be regretted is that the correspondents of foreign journals in Paris will probably give undue importance to these displays of ruffanism, which will alarm strangers and prevent their coming to Paris. The indignation of the people engaged in bustness and who have suffered heavily by the street disorders of the current year know no bounds, and they call on the government to indict condign punishment on those misoreanits who are compromising the reputation as well as the prosperity of the town. There is no doubt this will be done; for the new government is so secure in the respect of all and so conscious of its strength that they are determined to put down all disorder and to administer wholesome lessons of discipline on all who seek to cause it.

M. Ollivier, the Chief Manister, displays every day more tact, firmness and capacity than his bestrends ever gave him credit for. On Monday some of the insurrection, had been condemned him into contempt and show healtation on the part of of the government. "There was nothing political in the present case," said the Minister in his samirable discourse on Monday, myth was not of common to the

FOREIGN MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

The budget of the Papal States shows a deficiency

The daily expenses attendant upon the Ecument-cal Council, in Rome, average 4,000 scudi, or about 34,000 in gold.

\$4,000 in gold.

The municipal councils of France will probably be specially convoked to discuss the maintenance of the suppression of the octroi duties.

The defaulting cashier Schaerr, of the Zurich Bank, has piffaced guilty to the embezziement of \$650,000 and has been sentenced to eleven years' impressioned.

Brisonment.

Brigandage is holding high carnival in Greece, and persons going from one city to another have to join in companies and be well armed in order to avoid capture.

A German journal asserts that before the Suez Caual can be it for regular navigation not less than \$4,000,000 cubic metres of said and earth must be removed from the curve between El Guisr and Serapeum.

A riot or strike recently took place at the gaming establishment of Monaco, on account of the despoism of the manager. All the employes struck and besleged the trince's mansion, demanding the official's discharge. After due investigation the manager was peramptertly ordered to leave the principality.

THE NEW DOMINION.

Snewsheeling—Aquatic Sports—Frince Arthur's
Opinion of Americans—Commercial and Hallroad Matters—Annexation Politics.
Montreal, Feb. 17, 1870.

News here is scarce and times dull, so that it is with difficulty one can find matter for a letter. The snowshoeing season has commenced with un

usual brilliancy, the races being largely attended, the prizes liberal and the racing good. The Dominion Club, which visited New York in 1868, has made a clean sweep so far, winning almost every race. race yesterday in 12:30, being by eight seconds the best time on record. Although as yet undefeated he only beat Daniebout by six inches yesterday, the pair duishing for the tenth time first and second. Harper, who holds the two champion cups of the country, the Tecumsen Cup and the Ottawa Vase, ran fourth in this race, his time being 12:36.

A letter was received in this city yesterday from the celebrated "Paris crew," of St. John, N. B Some talk there has been about a five mile race on

the Hudson, between the Tyne four of England and the Paris crew. The Paris crew having beaten the world at Springded, claim the championship of the world. They offer to row the Tyne crew for \$5.00 and the championship of the world, They offer to row the Tyne crew for \$5.00 and the championship of the world, at Lachine, seven mites nence, in July, four-cared outriggers, three mites out and home, making ax miles, if the people of Montreal will pay expenses. The Canadian lour will row will not a conswain, in the American interest of Montreal will pay expenses. The Canadian lour will row will not be controlled to the them to the them that the page will be gouten up, as the Lachine Boating Gino is prospering and intends this year erecting a \$20.000 club house.

So much for sporting matters. There is little or no social news to report, the Prince being absent at Ottawa at the opening of Parliament. His Royal Highness speaks in the very highest terms of the reception accorded him in the States, and, I believe, expresses his grateful surprise at the courtest, evoid as much of snobbery as of boarisances, with which he was universally treated. He has forwarded several elegant little pieces of jeweiry to those withwhom he became acquainted on your side of forty-we degrees as mementos of a pieasant visat. One of the city papers being inapired with unusual vigor augusted. Clare his intentions has not taken the nint, but goes of an animal crown. Indeed, outside of a narrow circle of fanaticsi tories, the idea is never mooted. Matters commercial are likewise dail. The sensation of the week has been the proclamation reducing the value of American silver after the 18th of April by twenty per cent. This measure is strongly opposed by the generality of business mea, the Montreal Board of Frade being capacially pronounced in its protest. A system of fractional currecty is to be introduced. As yet the rate of discount has been to study in a many of the house were carried on by English in the control of the produced of the country t

NOISY METHODISM.

best and various modes of evangelizing the masses, it has been taken up by the Methodist preachers in their weekly meetings, and it is still under discussion. The idea has been very generally expressed longer suffice, and that new measures must be devised. These methods have not, however, been sug gested, but probably will be before the discussion is

Two weeks ago Rev. Dr. Foster had the floor in the preachers' meeting, and spoke most eloquently against rhapsodical and noisy demonstrations of re ligion. He expressed the fear that Methodists were

against rhapsodical and noisy demonstrations of religion. He expressed the fear that Methodists were substituting to too great an extent these noisy shullitions of feeling for the spirit and power of religion, and that shence as a Church the Methodists were losing power. Rev. Br. Cattelle supplemented Dr. Foster's remarks last week, and on some points of the argument took even stronger grounds.

Rev. W. P. Corpitt took up the cause of noisy Methodists, and yesterday entered into a very claborate Scripture analysis of emotional religion. Taking all the books of the Old and New Testaments in order, he quoted text after text. from Genesis to Revelations, to show that emotioal, rhapsodical, shouting religion was the religion of both earth and heaven. But while he did not find fault with the quiet, noiseless expression of feeling and emotion, he desired that his own side should not be denounced and siandered occause of their noisy demonstrations.

Dr. Foster briefly replied and said that he felt personally under obligations to Brother Corbitt for his address, but at the same time it did not touch the main point of his address, which was that in exaling the emotional to the highest place the profound experience of the heart is partially if not wholly ignored. He had attended a meeting recently where an aged saint of God stood up and, with the tears streaming down his face, he said, "I love the Lord Jesus Christ," and sat down. Every person in the meeting wept. There was theipure emotional, without noise. Immediately after another brother stood up and said that many years before he had started on the hallelujah road, and by and by he expected to anchor in the harbor, &c. There was an example of the rnapsodical, noisy demonstrations that he was opposed to.

To-day a State convention of Methodists, lay-

or the risponder, hosy demonstrators that he was opposed to.

To-day a State convention of Methodists, laymen and clergy, will assemble in Syracuse and continue in session three days, to discuss matters of interest to the denomination and to protest against the distribution of State moneys for sectarian purposes and the insidious efforts that are being made to place one denomination above another.

HEAVY POSTAL ROBBERY.

Arrest of a Post Office Employe-Alleged

Heavy Depredations.

For some days past the authorities of the Post Office in this city have been convinced that extensive depredations upon the mails were being committed by some one of the employes. On the occur ence of the first suspicious circumstances the mat-ter was placed in the hands of Mr. James Gayler, the special agent of the Post Office Department, who at once set about the task of discovering which among the many persons employed in the office was the culprit. A careful sitting of all the facts enabled him to form an opinion on the subject, and his suspicions centred on one Lewis Murray, a porter employed in opening and closing the mail pouches.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. Gayler observed Murray who was then engaged in opening the "North mail"), secrete a package of letters in a secluded spot. The package shortly after disappeared, and a careful watch being kept on Murray's movements by Mr. S. H. Knapp, the superintendent of the mails, he was seen to open a part of the letters, he being then in a place where he must have supposed himself unobserved. At naif-past six o'clock, as Murray was about to leave the office for his home. Mr. Gayler caused his arrest by officer Walling, of the detective force, and charged him with the crime, which he at first denied; but the result of a search of his person being the fluding of thirty-six letters from Poughkeepsie, addressed to various parties in this city, the accused admitted his guilt. He was locked up to await further action by the United States authorities. culprit. A careful sifting of all the facts enabled

NEW YORK CITY.

Sunday School Teachers' Meeting-The Russian Prima Donna - Raid on a Bagnie-An Editor's Troubles-Licenses-A Mail-Bag Adrift-Robberies-Minor Crimes.

The following record will show the changes in the emperature of the weather for the past twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hud-nut's pharmack, there is a barriage of the con-

ner of Ann			Dunamb,	on ten a	200
der or Ami	1869.	1870.		1869.	
3 A. M	40	24	3 P. M	47	1
6 A. M	42	18	6 P. M	46	100
9 A. M		17	9 P. M	46	1
12 M	47	17	12 P. M	40	-
Average ten	nperatu	re yes	terday	*****	117
Average te	moerau	ire to	r correspondin	g unu	3/100

There were sixty new licenses granted yesterday by the Excise Board at a special meeting

A mailbag containing letters marked New York city via Queenstown, was found yesterday at the cor-ner of Washington and Vesey streets, and was re-stored to the Post Office authorities.

At a meeting of the Police Commissioners, yesterday afternoon, a communication was received from J. L. Douglass, secretary of the Merchants' Fire insurance Company, complaining of the manner in which property is stolen at fires, while the police look on and make no arrests.

Agnes Peters, a poor, destitute woman, twenty wo years of age, who had been sick at 31 James street for some weeks past, was conveyed to Bellevue Hospital, and died soon after admission. Deceased is thought to have been suffering from disease of the heart for some months past. Corona Keenan was called to hold an inquest on the body.

Coroner Flynn has under investigation the case of man who died in Believue Hospital from the taking fire, caused by the explosion of a small kero-sene stove which he used for heating his room. The name or residence of deceased were not made known at the Coroner's office, but further facts of the case will be developed to-day.

Kate Farley, a domestic, died suddenly at 444 West Twenty-second street, and under circumstances which excited some suspicions as to the nature of her disease. Coroner Schirmer being notified held an inquest, when Dr. Joseph Cushman made a post-mortem examination on the body, which showed conclustvely that doceased died Scom perforation of the stomach, and a verdict to that effect was accord-ingly rendered by the jury.

John McDonough, of 678 Broadway, yesterday morning preferred a complaint before Justice Scott at Jefferson Market, against Thomas Stack, a gradu ate of Siig Sing Prison, residing at 128 West Nineteenth street, charging him, in company with his accomplices, who are still at large, with tapping his till of eignty dollars in money on the night of the 13th of January last. He desied the charge, but was committed in default of ball to answer.

Captain William Wood, who for thirty years has been connected with steamers on the North river, and late captain of the steamboat Thomas Collyer while attempting to cross from the steamboat Con-tinental, lying at the foot of Twelfin street, East river, to his own boat, fell overboard and before assistance could be rendered life was extinct. No one witnessed the deceased when he fell overboard, but he was soon missed and upon search being made he was found in the water.

Officers Crittenden and Dunn, of the Eighth precinct, yesterday morning arraigned two negroes, named Washington Sands, a laborer, forty-five years named Washington Sands, a laborer, forty-five years of age, and William H. Bennett, a whitewasher, before Justice Scott, at Jefferson Market, charged, in company with two confederates, who are still at large, with burgariously entering the dwelling house of Clifton Bolton, No. 203 West Thirty-third street, on Saturday night last, by means of removing the grating over the coal hole, and stealing two carpets valued at \$150. They both denied the charge, but were committed for examination.

At a special meeting of Women's Typographica Union No. 1, to take action in reference to the death of their late fellow member, Amanda E. Donalds or their late fellow member, Amanda E. Donalds, resolutions were adopted eulogizing her character and cherishing her memory as one of their earliest members; also appreciating the stand site took in aiding the Union in its infancy, and deeply lamenting their loss in her death. Resolutions of condelence with her betreaved family were also adopted and transmitted to her family, countersigned by Miss Kate Cusack, president, and Miss Gussie Lewis, corresponding secretary.

Madefda Rogasini, née Levitakaia, the Russian prima donna, accompanied by her husband and counsel, appeared at Jefferson Market Police Court "Shouting Religion" the Religion of Heaven and Earth—A Queer Subject of Clerical Difference.

A discussion having been started a few weeks ago in the religious press of this city, in regard to the best and various modes of evangelizing the masses, the matter was adjourned until March 7, at the same the matter was adjourned until March 7, at the same

> On Sunday afternoon Samuel Moore, a young man, residing at No. 404 West Thirty-fifth street called on Miss Jennie Welsh, at No. 103 Greene street, and allowed her to place his gold watch and chain, valued at \$150, around her neck. She then claimed it as a gift. Officer Smith, of the Eighth precinct, being called in, arrested the woman and took possession of the property. Yesterday morning, upon being arraigned before Justice Scott, at Jefferson Market, Moore stated he did not wish to prosecute the case, as he was only desirous of getting his watch and chain, which were given him, and his companion allowed to go home. called on Miss Jennie Welsh, at No. 103 Green

Dr. James Knight, of the New York Society's In stitution for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled says that he is credibly informed by discreet persons who investigate before they give, that they have been called upon for aid to bury children (three within ten days) that were represented as having died at the New York Society's Institution for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled. No deaths have occurred in the institution within that period, and if they had they would have been properly cared for by the society, as is the regulation of the institution. But one patient has died in the institution. But one patient has died in the institution. within the past six years, as patients are not re-tained when supposed to be incurable.

Sergeant Killilla, accompanied by the officers attached to the Second District Court squad, last night made a descent on the shebang of James night made a descent on the shobang of James Charlton, No. 31 Greene street, and succeeded in arresting the proprietor, inmates and a large party of habitues of the den. They were conveyed to the Eighth precinct station house and locked up until this morning, when they will be arraigned before Justice Scott, at Jefferson Market, and disposed of. The complaint was made by Louisa A. Moore, a colored woman, residing at No. 12 York street, who charged him with keeping a disorderly house and assaulting her on the 18th inst., striking her on the face and body with his fist, injuring her severely.

Mr. John Carman, a gentleman fif ty-seven years of age and a native of this country, was admitted to Believue Hospital on the morning of the 12th inst., suffering from a fracture of the spine and other injuries received by a box falling on him. Mr. Garman was at Fulton Market for the purpose of selling some produce, and in passing under a hatonway through which goods were being lowered a box slipped from the sling and crushed him before he could escape. Mr. Garman was carried to the hospital in an ambulance and subsequently expired from the effects of the injuries received. Coroner Keenan was notified and took charge of the case. Deceased lived in Baidwinsville, L. I., where has left a family. Bellevue Hospital on the morning of the 12th inst.

A largely attended monthly meeting of the New York Association of Sunday School Teachers was held last evening at the Fourth avenue Presoyterian held last evening at the Fourth avenue Presoyterian church. After the usual order of exercises a Soriptural lesson, conducted by the Rev. R. R. Booth, D. D., was given to the audience on the parable of the vineyard. The Rev. S. H. Tyng, Jr., then addressed the meeting on piety in the teacher being the secret of Sunday school success. The reverend gentleman dwelt particularity on the magnetic infuence of conviction in the mind of the teacher and its effect on the child. He spoke to the effect that what is well conceived can be clearly announced, and also that the mere reiteration of precepts without winning the sympathies of the child were unavailable. The audience dispersed after singing a hymn to the air of "Home, Sweet Home."

During the trials yesterday before Commissioner Bosworth David L. Stone, of the Journal of Com merce, charged officer Powers, of the Forty-first premerce, charged officer Powers, of the Forty-first pre-cinct, with improper conduct. The complainant stated that on Tuesday evening, week, he attended the Academy of Music, in Brooklyn, with his family. Leaving the carriage outside he ordered the driver and gardener to put it under cover, as the night was very stormy, and return by the time the opera closed. On coming out he found that the accused had arrested his driver and taken the carriage to the station house. He subsequently learned that the driver had

placed his carriage on a private crosswalk used by a saioon keeper, and because he refused to go off it was arrested. The officer proved by witnesses that he was requested by the proprietor of the saloon to remove the carriage; that the driver refused to back up and he arrested him. Judgment reserved.

The geological section of the Lyceum of Natural History met last evening, Professor Newberry in the chair. Mr. Glibert stated some interesting facts, the result of soundings on Lake Ontario, which tend to show that the modern lakes have been much larger than at present. After some discussion of this point Professor Edwards made some remarks calling attention to recent investigations made in France upon meteorites, their composition and origin. In France one had been found enturely formed of from, and one in Algeria formed entirely of atone, while in Chile one had been discovered consisting of the two former substances mixed in such a way as to show that all three were at one time united, and that the mass came from some globe where the rocks were stratified. The character of meteorites, it had been shown, were also changing. Formerly they had been all iron; now they are all stone. The geological section of the Lyceum of Natural

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Prominent Arrivals in This City Yesterday. Judge E. M. Paxon, of Philadelphia; Rev. B. McManus and Rev. E. P. Wadham, of Albany; R. P. Noah, or Washington; E. Darling and W. H. Keogh, of the United States Army; J. E. McManus, of Art com, and A. C. Redden, of England, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

W. J. Gordon and T. R. Scowden, of Cleveland; J. Brooks Fenno and O. W. Peabody, of Boston; Sam-uel Bowles, of Springfield; Dr. L. J. Jordan, of San Francisco, and Dr. Thomas Crane, of the West ndies, are at the Brevoort House.

Colonel Robert Lenox Banks, Theo. P. Cook and Mrs. Governor Hoffman, of Albany, are at the Clar-

General W. B. Tibbetts, Mayor Beach and Colone Walker P. Warren, of Troy, are at the Hoffman

General W. T. Sherman, of Washington; Dr. S. W. Jones, of Boston; Colonel J. D. Weed, of Virginia; W. G. Fargo, of Buffalo; Captain Davis, of Nassau, and H. G. Pemberton, of London, England, are at the Astor House.

Captain Samuel Brooks, of Steamer City of Brooklyn; Dr. W. Sloan, of North Carolina; Dr. Mac-Lennan, of Cincinnati; Thomas Dickson, of Scran-ton, and Mrs. Governor G. C. Walker, of Virginia,

are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. H. S. Bateman, of New York; Dr. Davidson and R. Jordan, of London; R. E. Sibley, of Virginia, and H. C. Gardner, of New York, are at the New York Hotel. General C. C. Van Zandt, of Rhode Island; General George A. Forsyth, of the United States Army; ex-Governor J. H. Chifford, of Massachusetts; E. Chappell, of Connecticut, and C. M. Yeamans, of Massahusetts, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

B. McIlivain and H. W. McKee, of the United States

Navy, and W. H. Forbes, of Boston, are at the Albe-

Isaac Buchanan, of Canada; General A. H. Sedlie, of Chicago, and J. M. Mackay, of Great Barrington, are at the Everett House.

Major General J. C. Robinson, of the United States

Army, and E. O. Mathews, of the United States Navy, are at the St. Denis Hotel.

Major S. L. Berry and Major Addison Weed, of the United States Army, and Captain R. B. Dakin, of Suffalo, are at the St. Charles Hotel. Major Webb, of Ohio, and I. V. Ten Eyck, of Penn-

sylvanta, are at the St. Elmo Hotel. Dr. D. M. Stinson, of Albany; W. D. Powell, of St. Thomas, and J. B. Hyde, of Rome, are at the Irving

Prominent Departures.

Count Colabiano, Charge d'Affairs of Italy, for Washington; General Baird for Albany; Willis Russell, Professor Peirce, J. M. Barnard, and J. M. Beebe, for Boston; Governor Alcorn and P. Gardner Miscellaneous Personal Movements. Lady Franklin has gone to Valparaiso.

Cardinal Antonelli is proprietor of the Hotel di Fifty out of 100 students in the Minnesota State University are women. Grand Junction, lowa, has presented ner first

native citizen, a girl, with a corner lot. The Board of Aldermen of Wilmington, N. C., is composed of three white men and five negroes. composed of three white men and a re negroes.

Dr. William Prescott, of Goncord, N. H., has the dress sword which tieneral Washington wore at his marriage.

The Romans criticise the Archbishop of San Prancisco because he comes from a land of gold and yet

wears a silver cross. Among the female lecturers is Miss Henrietta Titus, who is blind, in Minnesota, and Matilda Blind, who is not blind, in England.

who is not blind, in England.

The Iowa Legislature has a strong infusion of the military element. There are twelve soldiers in the Senate and tweaty-seven in the House.

Its Alphn and Omega-Brief History of the Dispute Between Workmen and Employers-The Strike Ended and Work Resumed The strike among the hatters of Orange, N. J., was brought to a close yesterday, about one-half the men having resumed work and the remainder to do like-wise to-morrow morning. In the first place the trade numbers between thirty and forty shops and employment is afforded about 1,200 persons. Of these about 350, or one-third of the whole number are females, who comprise the trimmers. The business done in Orange amounts to about \$20,000 per week, or \$1.250,000 per annum. For several years past the makers and finishers of

For several years past the makers and finishers of each shop, having resolved themselves into separate societies, agreed on a uniform scale of prices. Within a few months, however, the makers agreed that no hats, no matter what their kind br quality, should be "sized" for less than nine cents, though they had been doing work all along of an inferior. common quality, for six and seven cents. For good work of a fine quality they obtained as nigh as sixteen cents. This, added to other triling points of dissension, generated unpleasant feelings among the men and the bosses. When the differences came to an open rupture the men struck. At length the Mayor of the twen, Mr. George J. Ferry, who is himself largely engaged in the trade as a dealer, was unanimously called upon by the bosses to give his views of the points at varrance. He did so, and strongly advised a compromise, He argued that while an employer had a perfect right to employ or discharge whom he pleased under ordinary circumstances, still they, as an association, had no right to proscribe a number of men, as had been done. Such a course, he thought, was nothing short of conspiracy. At first the bosses were not disposed to take this view of the case, but after awhile they lell into line with the Mayor's way of thinking, and it was agreed that while they would expunge from their raise the proscription section. On Saturday last the concession was agreed to by the men, and the makers resumed work yesterday.

FREE SCHOOLS FOR EVERYSODY. each shop, having resolved themselves into separate

FREE SCHOOLS FOR EVERYBODY. TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:-

In consideration of all the arguments pro and con for the reading of the Scriptures in the public schools, I cannot refrain from making a few suggesions, which I feel entitled to as a taxpayer. A etition was received from the trustees of the

Seventh Ward Public School "praying that the study of the Irish language be introduced into the publi schools and that the harp and bappipe, both symbolic of Gaelic and Scotch, should be substituted for the plano in the wards where these nationalities predominate."

This is right, and I am truly glad to see such senting the state of the second sec

stble suggestions; but I do not think there should be so much partialty in the use of the edu-cational fund, since all nations are repre-sented in the tax list. Now, I say that in consideration of the truly conservative, compromising spirit, which seems to abound so profusely in the management of all our insututions. I propose the rite of circumcision be also introduced into the public schools, as an offset to our Hebrew brethren, as they represent a body of 40,000 taxpayers. And why should not their religious tents and ceremonies, he lic schools, as an offset to our debrew brethren, as they represent a body of 40.00 taxpayers. And why should not their religious tenets and ceremonies be just as much respected and observed as Roman Catholics or any other religious sect? I believe in doing a little of everything to please everybody. Negroes should by all means be admitted into the public schools and free college, and professors of the Ashanies and Congo languages be at once introduced. They number at least 30,000 taxpayers and are entertained by the President of the United States, Colone Forney and many others, and are representative in the legislative halls of the States and general government, and why should not their nationality be respected. This conglomeration would act so finely that very soon no nationality would predominate, and wisdom, equality and fraternity reign supreme and equally great; that great desideratum which the New England mind has contended so vigorously and so successfully to establish at the South will become a national boon. The meeting of the Board of Education on Thursday was extremely interesting. This question was briefly discussed, and I would now call their attention to the grave suggestions briefly set forth in this article.

ABBAHAM ISAACS.

BROOKLYN CITY.

The Swill Milkmen and Mr. Bergh-Cruelty of a Father-Inhumanity of a Landlord-The City Fathers in Council-Seeking Death.

Mrs. Mary Sinnett, who attempted to commits sulcide by cutting her throat with a razor, has nearly

The City Fathers adopted a resolution yesterday calling upon the members of the Legislature to about the office of Inspector of Buildings.

Rachel Revelin, a German woman, 50 years of age, attempted to put an end to her troubles yesterday afternoon by jumping into the East river from one of the Bridge street ferryboats. She was rescued and taken to her house, 18 Eldridge street, New York.

A short time since a committee was appointed by the Cuy Fathers to go to Albany and beg the mem-bers of the Legislature to patch up the city charter. A resolution appropriating \$250 to pay the expenses was adopted. Yesterday the Mayor vetoed the reso-

Daniel Dugan, a resident of Cherry street. New York, employed as a laborer at Pierrepont's stores, oot of Clark street, was seriously, if not fatally in jured yesterday atternoon by being struck on the head by the elevator, beneath which he was stand-ing while it was descending from one of the upper floors. He was removed to the Long Island College Hospital. Several milkmen who had been arrested at the in

Several minkmen who had been arrested at the la-stance of Mr. Bergh, president of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, appeared before Sustice Buckley yesterday to answer the charge, that of keeping cows in a crowded and unnealthy condi-tion, which has the effect of rendering the mirk unfit for use. The Justice refused to recognize the right of Mr. Bergh to appear, and dismissed the case. The Board of Aldermen met yesterday, when a

engthy communication from Street Commi Robert Fury was received and read. The documen was latended as a reply to some allegations which Alderman Whiting, of the Twentieth ward, had made concerning the purchases of lamps and lamp-posts for the city. Alderman Whiting says that the Street Commissioner has been cheating the city out of about \$100,000, more or less, and this Mr. Fury endeavors to disprove.

Prospect street, subjected his son, a boy eight years old, to the most cruel and barbarous treatment on sid, to the most cruet and baroarous treatment on sunday night for tasting some of his liquor which he had left in a glass on the table. After beging and kicking the boy he held him in a tub of water and would, in all probability, asve drowned him had not the police interered. The man was ar-rested and locked up to answer, and a physician had to be called in to attend to the unfortunate boy.

Coroner Jones held an inquest yesterday over the bodies of a pair of twins, prematurely delivered through fright. The mother of the infants, Mrs. through fright. The mother of the infants, Mrs. Caroline Clayton, occupied apartments in the house of a German named Christian Wittenfield, in Marion street, near Patchen avenue, and her husband being unable to pay the last month's rent, the amount of which was thirteen dollars, Wittenfield went inteher rooms during her husband's absence and frightened her so that she became ill. The jury in their verdict censured the accused severely for his conduct, and the Coroner committed him in detault of \$500 ball to await the action of the Grand Jury.

SUBURBAN INTELLIGENCE.

NEW JERSEY.

Jersey City.
FERRYBOAT ACCIDENT.—The Desbroases street erryboat golden ran into the slip on the New York side with great violence yesterday morning and had a portion of the guard railing torn away, but no per-

a portion of the guard raining son was injured.

FIREMEN'S BALL.—The annual ball in aid of the FIREMEN'S BALL.—The henefit of the widows and or firemen's fund for the benefit of the widows and or-phans of firemen came off last evening at Cooper Hall, which was gayly decorated for the occasion. The attendance was very large and select, as is ever the case when this noble object is in view. The guests commenced to arrive in carriages at half-past nine, and continued to pour in ar intervals till half-past eleven. They were received by Mr. Charles L. Krugler, chairman of the reception committee.

ANOTHER BRIE ACCIDENT .- On Sunday night two men were run over and killed on the Eric Railroad, near the Bergen tunnel. One was so terribly mangled that death must have been instantaneous. The other was seriously injured and died in a short time. Their names were not ascertained. High Tide.—The neavy storms of the past few

nnknown for nearly thirty years past. The falls now present a truly imposing appearance, and the dashing spray sprakking the rocks for many feet around, has created a most beautiful series of glittering glaciers. The Society dam, a short distance above, in ordinary times making a fail of five or six feet, is now scarcely perceptible, so of five or six feet, is now scarcely perceptible, so great is the volume of water pouring over it, like oil in its smoothness. Temperance Island, near the West street bridge, is almost entirely submerged. The actual rise in the river is estimated at from five o six feet. The road to Little Falls, and in other directions along the edge of the river, is overflowed in several places—in some localities as high as the body of a wagon. Several houses along the river were completely surrounded yesterday morning, although no casualties or damage of any account is reported. The river has subsided about two feet, and is falling rapidly.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT .- Charles Kingston, while proceeding to his home at Morrisania, from Williamsbridge, last Sunday, jumped from a Harlem Railroad train and sustained a compound fracture of the thigh. He was discovered some hours after-wards and conveyed to his residence. The residence of C. V. Folin, at Fordham, caught

fire yesterday morning through the ignition of some matches by a child, and was consumed before any aid could be rendered by the Fire Department. A small portion of bedding, saved from the flames by the Tremont police, was all that escaped destruction. Loss \$3,000; insured for \$700 in the Westchester Insurance Company.

Fires—The Incendiary Again.—Between two

and three o'clock yesterday morning some wreich fired the carriage house of Mr. George Janes, in St. fired the carriage house of Mr. George Janes, in St. Anne's avenne, East Morrisania, causing the total destruction of the building, with its contents, together with barns and greenhouses adjoining. Fortunately no live stock were on the premises visited by the incendiary, as the owner has been absent with his family for some months. The loss sustained is about \$5,000, which is partially secured in the Westchester Insurance Company.

Police Raid on a Baonio.—At a late hour on

Sunday night several members of the Morrisania police made a descent on a notorious den situated in lice made a descent on a notorious den situated in Second street, near Washington avenue, at the above place, and which has long been voted a nuisance by those living in its vicinity. Although the coup de main was executed with effective precision, a few of the startled transgressors beat a precipitate retreat through the rear windows of the dingy abode and escaped. The police, however, succeeded in conveying to the lockup six of the immates, namely:—Saran Wright, Rachel Woodruff, Ann Laherry, George Myers, Philip Wright and Jonas Foltz, all of whom had a hearing yesterday morning before Justice Hauptman, who remanded them for sentence.

A FOWL CONTEST—WESTGRESTER AGAINST NEW A FOWL CONTEST-WESTCHESTER AGAINST NEW

YORK-VICTORY FOR THE FORMER.-The admirers of cock fighting in Morrisania are at present chuckof cock fighting in Morrisania are at present chucking over an exciting "main" that took place at z rouse kept by one Rogge, on the corner of Bost. z road and Benson street, in the above village, a night or two ago. From among the meagre particulars ascerisined it appears that Westchesser county was "pitted" against New York for the sum of \$500, excusive of individual wagers. Although fifteen "birds" were produced for the admiration of the spectators, only nine battles were fought, out of which Westchester won seven, causing the New York fraternity to draw out their "chickens" in despair. Here the questions may pertinently be asked, has Mr. Bergin no agent in Westchester county, and have game roosters any "rights" which the Society for the Frevention of Crueity to Animals is bound to respect?

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

Lieutenant Commander A. T. Snell, is detached from torpedo duty and ordered to the Ossipee. Lieutenant Commander William M. Maciay is detached from the Observatory and ordered to the St. Marys. Lieutenant Commander Edward Hooker is ordered to duty as Receiver and Inspector of Stores in the Bureau of Yards and Docks at the New York Navy Yard. Ensigns Charles A. Adams, Andrew C.

Navy Yard. Ensigns Charles A. Adams, Andrew C. McMechan and J. Blocklinger are ordered to duty in the Pacific Fleet.

Rear Admiral Lanman reports to the Navy Department from the flagship Lancaster, at Rio Janeiro, January 13, his arrival there on the 6th of January, seven days from Bahia under sail alone. The Portsmouth was at Rio Janeiro. The American Minister, Mr. Blow, visited the Lancaster on her arrival.

The St. Marys, Commander Harris commanding, was placed in commission at San Francisco on the 12th of January.